CAPSULE SUMMARY
BA-2358
Zink House
211 Woodbrook Lane
Baltimore, Baltimore County
Ca. 1924
Private

The Zink House was constructed circa 1924 to the southeast of Ruxton and Lake Roland in the Ninth District of Baltimore County. The Colonial Revival-style dwelling was constructed following the establishment of Ruxton as a resort community. The town first received its name in 1885 when the Northern Central Railroad constructed a passenger station along Bellona Avenue. By the 1890s, real estate developers planned to develop the area as a summer resort community. In 1892, Wood, Harmon and Company announced the sale of 224 lots on the east side of Bellona Avenue, known as Ruxton Heights. The area was able to boast not only its proximity to the railroad, but also nearby Lake Roland and L'Hirondelle Club, the country club located on the shore of the lake.

The dwelling is located on a hill with a circular drive above Woodbrook Lane. Set on a solid brick foundation, the house rises two-and-a-half stories in height and features Flemish bond brick construction. The main block of the dwelling is three-bays wide with flanking two-story, one-bay wide wings. The centered entry is recessed and consists of a six-panel, single-leaf door, a multi-light leaded glass transom, and a paneled recess and soffit. Five 6/6 windows, all with gauged lintels, stone sills, molded wood surrounds, and operable louvered shutters, pierce the façade or northeast elevation. Two hipped dormers, with eight-light vinyl replacement casement windows, rise above the roof of the main block. Architectural detailing on the main block includes a boxed wood cornice with modillions, raised brick quoins, and two interior brick Flemish bond chimneys with slightly corbeled caps and chimney pots. The hipped roof of the main block and side wings is clad in slate tiles. The wings, like the main block, are constructed of Flemish bond and are pierced at the second story by circular, multi-light windows. A stucco-enclosed entry, set at the juncture of the main block and the easternmost wing, contains a six-panel, single-leaf door. On the southwest elevation of the house, there is a large Palladian window set above the rear entrance. There is a circa 1924 garage and a non-historic shed on the property.

Inventory No. BA-2358

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

1. Name of							
	Property	(indicate preferred na	me)				
historic							
other	Zink House						
2. Location							
street and number	211 Woodbrook	Lane				not for	publication
city, town	Baltimore					vicinity	
county	Baltimore Count	у					
3. Owner of	Property	(give names and mailing a	addresses of a	II owners)	9		
name	John W. H. and I	Beverly P. Michel			·		
street and number	211 Woodbrook	Lane			telephone	Not Avai	ilable
city, town	Baltimore		state MD		zip code	21212	
5. Primary L	ocation of	Additional Data					
Contr Contr Deter	ibuting Resource in mined Eligible for th	National Register District Local Historic District e National Register/Maryland the National Register/Maryland					
Contr Contr Deter Deter Reco	ibuting Resource in mined Eligible for the mined Ineligible for rded by HABS/HAE ric Structure Report	Local Historic District se National Register/Maryland the National Register/Maryla					
Contr Contr Deter Deter	ibuting Resource in mined Eligible for th mined Ineligible for rded by HABS/HAE ric Structure Report	Local Historic District le National Register/Maryland the National Register/Maryland R					

7.	D	es	cri	pt	ion
				-	

Inventory No. BA-2358

Condition

	_ excellent	deteriorated
X	_ good	ruins
	fair	altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Constructed circa 1924, the Colonial Revival-style Zink House is located southeast of Ruxton in the Ninth District of Baltimore County. The dwelling is located on a hill with a circular drive above Woodbrook Lane. Set on a solid brick foundation, the house rises two-and-a-half stories in height and features Flemish bond brick construction. The main block of the dwelling is three-bays wide with flanking two-story, one-bay wide wings. The centered entry is recessed and consists of a six-panel, single-leaf door, a multi-light leaded glass transom, and a paneled recess and soffit. Five 6/6 windows, all with gauged lintels, stone sills, molded wood surrounds, and operable louvered shutters, pierce the façade or northeast elevation. Two hipped dormers, with eight-light vinyl replacement casement windows, rise above the roof of the main block. Architectural detailing on the main block includes a boxed wood cornice with modillions, raised brick quoins, and two interior brick Flemish bond chimneys with slightly corbeled caps and chimney pots. The hipped roof of the main block and side wings is clad in slate tiles. The wings, like the main block, are constructed of Flemish bond and are pierced at the second story by circular, multi-light windows. A stucco-enclosed entry, set at the juncture of the main block and the easternmost wing, contains a six-panel, single-leaf door. On the southwest elevation of the house, there is a large Palladian window set above the rear entrance.

The garage is contemporary to the dwelling and is constructed of Flemish bond brick. One-story in height and one-bay in width, the garage features a hipped, slate tile roof and a metal-paneled roll-up door with a square-edged wood surround.

There is also a 1980s prefabricated metal shed. Set on a poured concrete foundation, the shed has a standing seam metal front gable roof and double-leaf sliding metal doors.

¹ Although an interior survey was not completed, local history indicates that the mantels and cornice were transported from Bath Maine and that the railings were salvaged from an 1890s ship, the Shenandoah.

8. Signific	ance			Inventory No. BA-2358
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and ju	ustify below	
1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-1999 2000-	agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation	economics education engineering entertainment/ recreation ethnic heritage exploration/ settlement	health/medicine industry invention landscape archite law literature maritime history military	performing arts philosophy politics/government ecture religion science social history transportation other:
Specific dates	1924 ca.		Architect/Builder	Unknown
Construction da	ites 1924 ca.			
Evaluation for:				
	National Register	N	laryland Register	Xnot evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

The Zink House was constructed circa 1924 to the southeast of Ruxton and Lake Roland in the Ninth District of Baltimore County. The Colonial Revival-style dwelling was constructed following the establishment of Ruxton as a resort community. The town first received its name in 1885 when the Northern Central Railroad constructed a passenger station along Bellona Avenue. By the 1890s, real estate developers planned to develop the area as a summer resort community. In 1892, Wood, Harmon and Company announced the sale of 224 lots on the east side of Bellona Avenue, known as Ruxton Heights.² The area was able to boast not only its proximity to the railroad, but also nearby Lake Roland and L'Hirondelle Club, the country club located on the shore of the lake.

² Neal A. Brooks and Eric G. Rockel, A History of Baltimore County, (Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979), p. 297.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-2358

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979. Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property	1.33 Acres		
Acreage of historical setting	Unknown		
Quadrangle name	Cockeysville	Quadrangle scale:	1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

The dwelling is located at 211 Woodbrook Lane in the Ninth District of Baltimore County. Is has been associated with Tax Map 79, Parcel 152 since its construction circa 1924.

11. Form Prepared by

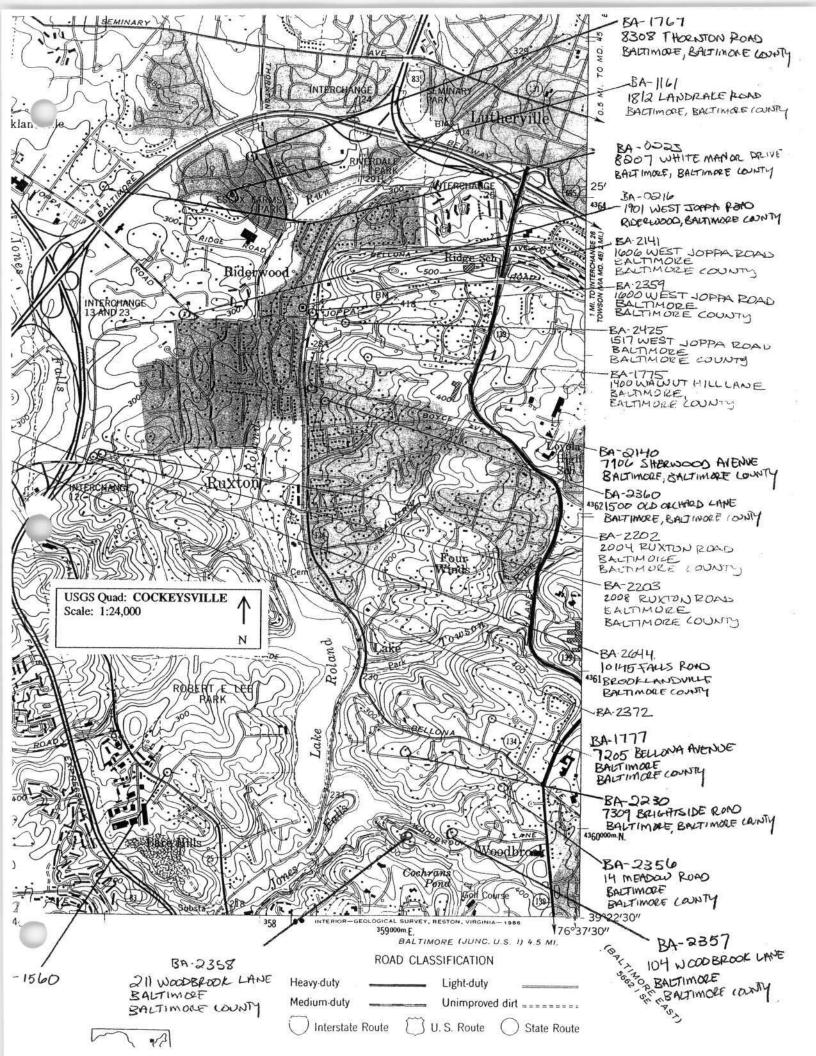
name/title	R. Weidlich, A. McDonald and A. Didden, Architectural Historians			
organization	EHT Traceries, Incorporated	date	May 29, 2001	
street & number	1121 5th Street NW	telephone	202.393.1199	
city or town	Washington	state	DC	

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

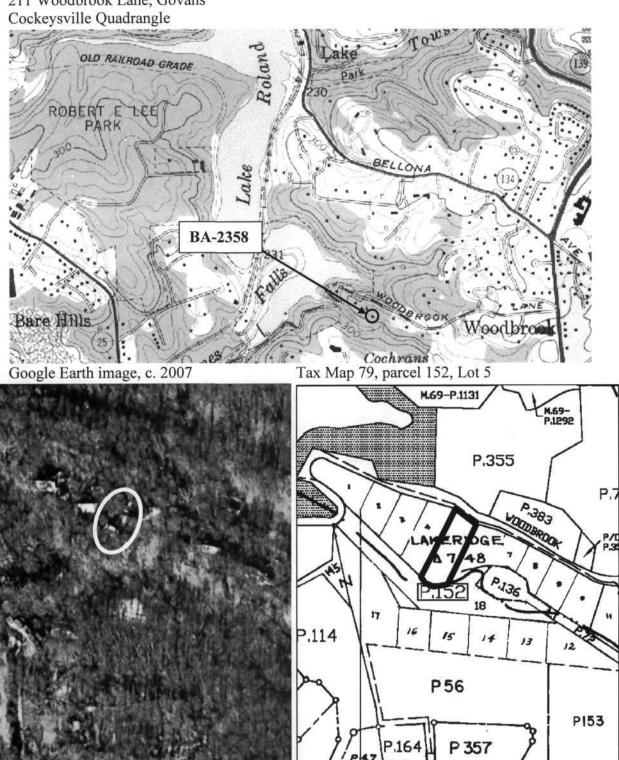
The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600



BA-2358 Zink House 211 Woodbrook Lane, Govans Cockeysville Quadrangle





BA-2358 211 WOODBROOK LANE BALTIMORE BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES APRIL ZOOI MD SHPO NORTHEAST ELEVATION 10F3



BA-2358 211 WOODBROOK LANG BALTIMORE BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES APRIL 2001 MD SHPO SOUTHWEST ELEVATION 2 OF 3



BA-2358 211 WOODBROOK LANE BALTIMORE BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD TRACERIES APRIL 2001 MD SHPO SOUTH CORNER 3 OF 3

BA- 2358

ZINK HOUSE - 1924 - 211 Woodbrook Lane, Woodbrook. Sixty-year-old house on a ridge, incorporating cornices and mantels brought from Bath, Maine. Also railings salvaged from 1890 ship, the Shenandoah. On 1984 garden tour. Owners: Mr. and Mrs. John Zink.